December 2016 By My Choices Foundation



INPACT REPORT PREVENTION



NOTE FROM THE FOUNDER

Many of us know the saying: "It takes a village to raise a child". What our team carries in our heart and fully believe, is that it not only takes a village to raise a child, but it takes a village to keep a child safe. **Especially - a girl child!** In November 2013 our team embarked on a journey that has forever changed each of our lives. We committed to being a part of the greater "village" whose mission is to keep girls safe. Girls who are trafficked for sexual slavery live a life of extreme abuse and daily rape. Their average age when they are taken is 12 years old and some as young as 6 or 7 years. We cannot have this happen in our "village", our world.

Deciding how to keep our village safe, was a journey ...

Why Prevention

Only 1% of trafficked girls ever get rescued. Rescue and rehabilitation must happen, but it is able to do very little to end trafficking.

At the start of our work, our team dedicated 18-months to exploration and learning. We travelled the width and breadth of India, met with as many of the NGOs that work in this field as we could, and in the process, probably had more cups of Chai than is healthy! Every expert NGO, government worker, and trafficking survivor we spoke to identified the same gap in anti-trafficking efforts - no one was working to systematically prevent trafficking, and there was no coalition organised to work towards the elimination of supply of girls.

Thus, we have positioned our efforts in the center of that "gap". We are dedicated to the difficult and often invisible work of prevention.

We feel we MUST EQUIP the at-risk villages where girls are coming from to keep the village and its girls safe. There is no other work for us but this.

Our Research paper

Close to 90% of girls are trafficked due to the ignorance of their parents, in particular the ignorance of their fathers. This reality is very unique to India.

Critical to our initial research phase, we commissioned a research paper by a Mumbai-based Behavioral Architecture firm to try and understand HOW can we change the behavior of the Fathers and the families to NOT to let their girls go.

Make in India

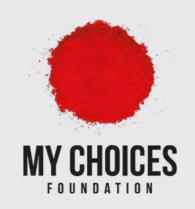
I personally love the slogan "Make in India", and as a team we truly believe that together we can "Make India Safe"





IF YOU ARE ON RED ALERT SHE WILL BE SAFE

RED ALERT



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PREVENTING SEX TRAFFICKING IN INDIA

Impact Report 2016





EMPOWER

NATIONAL HELPLINE

Our aim is to stop

trafficking before

it reaches families

and steals girls'

Prior to our helpline, there was no exclusive, national helpline for sex trafficking. With 95 million mobile phones in the country this is an opportunity to put the power to take action in the hands of those who need it most. The helpline is based on a coalition effort of Operation Red Alert's partner NGOs, each providing different services to different geographic zones in India.



EXPOSE

MASS MEDIA CAMPAIGN

The number one barrier to ending human trafficking is awareness. The general Indian public is still largely unaware that trafficking exists, let alone that India has disproportionately more slaves than any other country in the world. We aim to see trafficking become something every Indian is committed to ending. If we are on #RedAlert, India's daughters will be safe.



ERADICATE

GRASSROOTS EDUCATION

Preventing trafficking is impossible if we do not educate the families and villages that traffickers are targeting. In India, most families have no idea that their girls are being taken and sold into sexual exploitation. Most NGO's efforts are spent in rescue and rehabilitation of trafficked girls. The Operation Red Alert Safe Village Toolkit is reaching at risk villages around India, teaching families how to keep their daughters safe.

ANDHRA TELANGANA **WEST BENGAL** KARNATAKA Andhra Pradesh & Telangana, the two Telugu speaking states are ranked #9* and #4 respectively as source states for trafficking girls. Often West Bengal is ranked #2** referred to as the "stalking as a source state for the ground of Traffickers", drought trafficking of girls. Its capital, prone areas of these states are Kolkata, is called the "breaking Karnataka is ranked #5 as a home to some of India's most point" for girls - where they source state for trafficking vulnerable families. 12.2% of are subjected to whatever level of girls. The rise of social all trafficking cases originate of abuse it takes to make them mobility and migration in the in these two Telugu states. 100% submissive - before they fast-developing South, has are sent to other states to be made families and young girls 3047C exploited in commercial sex especially susceptible to the work. 18.2% of all trafficking lures of Traffickers. Hopes of cases originate in West Bengal. a brighter future lead victims to easily trusting lucrative "opportunities" and being *Andhra Pradesh (AP) and Telangana (TS) bifurcated and became two states on June 2, 2014, and independent crime reports were **Field data suggests that West Bengal ranks #1. NCRB data may not represent tricked into sex work released for the first time for the year 2015. Trafficking is pandemic accurate numbers due to underin both states, and data on reported crimes seems to bely the reality reporting in AP. Grassroots NGOs do not agree with the #9 ranking of AP.





STAT 2 SVP BENEFICIARIES 600,069
*AROUND 5% ARE DOUBLE COUNTED DUE TO ATTENDANCE AT **PROGRAMS** CONDUCTED THROUGH IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS MORE THAN ONE SESSION DURING THE SVP. Each SVP includes 1 Pre-SVP Study of the village and a 2 day workshop with Each beneficiary attends a session different sessions for teachers, village specifically designed with messaging for sarpanches, fathers, mothers, young their demographic. We have developed girls and young boys. The SVP also works our messaging for Good Fathers, Informed to equip or establish a local village CVC Mothers, Guardian Girls and Cool Boys (Community Vigilance Committee) to from our award winning research and carry forward the education and activism extensive consultation. initiated by the SVP. STAT 4 HEATMAP TRAFFICKING CASES **OF SVPS ON AVERAGE** PRE-EXISTING, REPORTED TRAFFICKING CASES IN THE VILLAGE During our Pre-SVP Study, we gather data on the prevalence of trafficking in that village in the last 1-2 years. High numbers of cases in recent years affirms that our Village Mapping Tool is helping us target the most trafficking prone villages with our prevention program. **TELANGANA** KARNATAKA **ANDHRA PRADESH WEST BENGAL**



NAGESH

"I like the Father character in the comic book best! I have 2 elder sisters. I will protect them if I can."

"Everyone should respect their elders and protect girls. I have a little sister. I'm good at keeping her safe from danger. I would rescue her if anything happened to her. Everyone must do this!"

SRIKANTH

"Girls don't run as fast as boys, but they are as smart as boys."

COOL BOY QUOTES

LA GUARDIAN GIRL OUTES

SWAATHI

"Rahul is my favorite character. It's nice to see a young man who cares about his village!"

RADHIKA, TRAFFICKING SURVIVOR

"I wish Red Alert had come to my village before I got trafficked. I will help other girls stay safe!"

GUARDIAN GIRL PLEDGES

Girls stamp their thumbprint into a heart shape on the Guardian Girl Contract, promising to look out for each other's futures.







STORIES FROM THE FIELD WEST BENGAL DEEPIKA AND PAYAL

Deepika* and Payal* are 17 years old, and best of friends. They are from a village in the South 24 Paragnas District of West Bengal. Both girls dropped out of school early, wanting to work to help their parents support the family. Their parents are poor, daily wage laborers who work collecting cow dung for fire fuel. Supporting the girls was difficult for them.

One day, a man named Satish came to their family and offered to to take the girls for a good job in Mumbai. He promised that they would earn enough money to help support their family remaining in the village. The girls' parents decided to let them go. On 23/Nov/2016 evening, Satish picked up the girls at the train station, and they set out for Mumbai.

The next day, the Operation Red Alert Safe Village Program was conducted through Implementing Partner HASUS. Deepika and Payal's parents attended part of the program, and learned about typical methods of traffickers. Immediately after the program they went to their Village Panchayat (leader) and told him about letting their daughters go to Mumbai with a man promising them work. The Panchayat member took them to report the case in the police station, and told them to call the Red Alert Helpline as well.

The Red Alert team then activated our network partner** in Mumbai to find the girls in the city. Deepika and Payal were rescued at the Mumbai train station before any abuse could take place. Satish was arrested, but not detained.

Deepika and Payal are now safely back home with their families, who are so grateful they were able to prevent anything happening to their daughters. Satish is currently not facing any charges since the family willingly let their girls go, and no exploitation took place. No one from the village is willing to provide evidence against Satish because he is considered a powerful man in the community.

The HASUS team is in constant contact with the families, ensuring that the girls stay safe. HASUS is working to get the two girls into a vocational training course so they can learn skills that will earn them a decent livelihood.

*Victim names changed, and no identifying information used. **This Operation Red Alert implimenting partner's identity must remain anonymous due to ongoing casework.

STORIES FROM THE FIELD

SADAF

16 year old Sadaf* left her house telling her parents she was going to a school Independence Day celebration, but never came back. Her parents are poor and uneducated, and felt there was nothing they could do to search for her.

Sadaf's class mate, who had attended an Operation Red Alert (ORA) Safe Village Program (SVP), noticed she had gone missing. She suspected that Sadaf may have been lured to run away with a boy she had been speaking to on the phone. She had learned in the SVP that this is how traffickers often trick girls. Remembering her SVP training, she went to the local village Community Vigilance Committee (CVC). The CVC activated the ORA Implementing Partner** (IP) to take up the case.

The IP helped the family file an First Information Report (FIR) at their local police station, which caused the whole village to learn about Sadaf's disappearance. Once the case became news, a local political party started to pressure Sadaf's parents to withdraw the case.

It is "well known" among the village and local NGOs that this political party is involved in a trafficking ring, which is one reason Sadaf's parents felt helpless to work with the police. However, NGOs have lacked hard evidence of victim testimony to push for arrests and prosecutions. The IP counseled the family not to give into pressure, and told them that if they withdrew the case, there would be no follow up from police to find their daughter.

After just a few days, Sadaf called her parents to say that she had been taken to Bangalore, and would return in 6 months. With the phone number and location in hand, the IP planned to activate the Anti Human Trafficking Unit to plan a rescue. However, this news reached Sadaf's trafficker, and caused him to send her back to her village.

Once home, Sadaf said that the man had lured her with the promise of marriage and a better life, and once she arrived in Bangalore, he locked her up in a room with a plan to keep her there until he could sell her.

Sadaf's trafficker has not yet been arrested. The IP is working to put together enough evidence to arrest the trafficker, and implicate the local political party for helping run a local trafficking operation.

Sadaf is safe, and under the protection of the IP and her parents, who are now aware of the local traffickers' methods to lure girls.



TRAFFICKING : TRENDS

HOW TRAFFICKING AND THE EFFORTS TO STOP IT ARE CHANGING IN INDIA?

We at Operation Red Alert firmly believe that until we become better organized than traffickers, we will never be able to protect the families and girls they target and exploit with such expert efficiency. Traffickers are world class chameleons, adapting to every challenge and exploiting every opportunity. We MUST be able to meet those challenges.

"Traffickers and pimps have never been better organized or established. They have learned the modus operandi of police and NGOs, and are adapting quickly. The anti-trafficking coalition needs to adapt more quickly to combat them." -

MICHAEL YANGAD, DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS, INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE MISSION

RISE OF TECHNOLOGY

- Traffickers are using technology to be more cost efficient and to hide their identity.
- They interact less and less with their clients, choosing to interface through social networks, chat apps and websites.
- They use blackmail and manipulation to trap their victims, and technology to coordinate their movements. So, the exploiters do not pay for physical infrastructure of brothels.

2 FLOATING ECONOMY

- Operating brothels is expensive and high risk. Exploiters are opting for private and more hidden establishments like home-run brothels, escort services, massage parlors.
- The increased use of technology means that coordinating delivery of girls is easy and relatively risk-free.
- Overall, the huge profits of trafficking allow the perpetrators the luxury of making choices that improve their protection and preservation.
- In Mumbai, this has led to a decrease in the number of minors exploited in red light areas (public establishments) as traffickers are taking fewer risks and charging a higher premium on young children.

TARGETING GIRLS DIRECTLY

- An increase in female autonomy and rise in materialistic ambition has made particular demographics of girls more vulnerable to traffickers' tricks.
- Traffickers target girls from poor families who are in school or college, hoping of a life where they can earn more money. Traffickers pose as friends, classmates and boyfriends, investing in long term relationships with potential victims, and use their aspirations of quick material gains to lure them into prostitution.

FOLLOW OUR BLOG IN 2017 TO READ IN DEPTH INFORMATION ON TRAFFICKING TRENDS IN INDIA.

COMING

YOU'VE HEARD ABOUT THE GOOD FATHER CAMPAIGN LAUNCH. HEAR ARE A COUPLE OF OTHER EXCITING THINGS TO COME IN 2017.

GRASSROOTS EXPANSIONS

We will be doubling the number of our Implementing Partners in the first 6 months of 2017. This means our Safe Village Programs will reach more at-risk villages each week and month than ever. This has only been possible because anti-trafficking NGOs have experienced our work, seen the impact of prevention, and have asked to join the coalition effort. We're thrilled to have these incredible NGOs join us.

EXPANDING TO MORE STATES

Operation Red Alert currently works in 4 states. In 2017, we will be expanding our Safe Village Program and Helpline language support to serve more high-risk states.

WEARE ON RED ALERT WILL YOU JOIN US

DESIGNED BY

EUD



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